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OPEN Publisher Correction: Introgression of a synthetic sex ratio distortion system from Anopheles gambiae into Anopheles arabiensis

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Correction to: Scientific Reports https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-019-41646-8, published online 26 March 2019

This Article contains errors in the Reference list, where references 4-9 are incorrectly numbered as references 8, 7, 4, 9, 5 and 6 respectively. References 4–9 are correctly numbered below:

4. Galizi, R. et al. A synthetic sex ratio distortion system for the control of the human malaria mosquito. Nat. Commun. 5, 3977 (2014).

5. Galizi, R. et al. A CRISPR-Cas9 sex-ratio distortion system for genetic control. Sci. Rep. 6, 31139 (2016).

6. Flick, K. E., Jurica, M. S., Monnat Jr, R. J. & Stoddard, B. L. DNA binding and cleavage by the nuclear intron-encoded homing endonuclease I-PpoI. Nature 394, 96 (1998).

7. Jinek, M. et al. A programmable dual-RNA-guided DNA endonuclease in adaptive bacterial immunity. Science 337, 816-821 (2012).

8. Windbichler, N. et al. Homing endonuclease mediated gene targeting in Anopheles gambiae cells and embryos. Nucleic Acids Res. 35, 5922-5933 (2007).

9. Windbichler, N., Papathanos, P. A. & Crisanti, A. Targeting the X Chromosome during Spermatogenesis Induces Y Chromosome Transmission Ratio Distortion and Early Dominant Embryo Lethality in Anopheles gambiae. Plos Genet. 4, e1000291 (2008).

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